Parapsoriasis
There are three entities described as parapsoriasis: small-plaque parapsoriasis, large-plaque parapsoriasis, and parapsoriasis variegata.

*Large-plaque parapsoriasis* and *parapsoriasis variegata* are best considered as early stages of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma/mycosis fungoides.
The small-plaque parapsoriasis, also known as xanthoerythrodermia perstans of Crocker...
Histopathology

The small-plaque parapsoriasis shows focal epidermal involvement consisting of ...
Pathogenesis

The inflammatory infiltrate in small-plaque parapsoriasis is dominated by CD4+ (helper-inducer) T lymphocytes with a small proportion of the CD8+ (cytotoxic-suppressor) T lymphocytes subset. Langerhans cells are increased in the epidermis and dermis.
Relationship to Lymphoma

Although it is generally accepted that small-plaque parapsoriasis, or digitate dermatosis, is a benign disorder without the potential for transformation into lymphoma, questions have arisen regarding the relationship between the two conditions. Some studies have suggested that small-plaque parapsoriasis may be a prelymphomatous condition, with the potential to develop into a lymphoma. However, this is not universally accepted, and further research is needed to clarify the clinical significance and outcomes of small-plaque parapsoriasis in relation to lymphoma.
but conversion into a systemic lymphoma does not occur. However, some believe that small-plaque parapsoriasis is a form...
Guttate dermatosis parapsoriasis = اﻠﻨﻘﻄﻲ اﻠﺼدﻒ ﻧﻈﻴﺮ